

**KANNUR UNIVERSITY****(Abstract)**

**BCA-Scheme & Syllabus of Core Courses** under Choice Based Credit Semester System for Under Graduate Programme-implemented with effect from 2009 admission-Orders Issued.

**ACADEMIC BRANCH**

U.O.No.Acad/C2/2389/2009(2)

Dated, K.U.Campus. P.O,10- 07-2009.

Read: 1.Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG) held on 26-05-2009.

2. Minutes of the meeting of the Faculty of Science held on 16-06-2009.

3. U.O No.Acad/C2/3838/2008 (i) dated 07-07-2009

4. Letter dated 02-07-2009 from the Chairman, BOS Computer Science (UG).

**ORDER**

1.The Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG),vide paper read(1) above has prepared finalized and recommended the Scheme and Syllabus of Core Courses for BCA Programme under Choice Based Credit Semester System for implementation from 2009 admission.

2. The recommendations of the Board in restructuring the syllabus is considered by the Faculty of Science vide paper read (2) and recommended for the approval of the Academic Council.

3. The Regulations for Choice based Credit Semester System is implemented in this University vide paper read (3).

4. The Chairman, BOS in Computer Science(UG) vide paper read (4) ,forwarded the restructured scheme and syllabus of Core Courses for BCA Programme under Choice Based Credit Semester System, prepared by the Board of Studies in Computer Science(UG),for implementation with effect from 2009 admission.

5. The Vice Chancellor, after examining the matter in detail, and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council as per section 11(1) of Kannur University Act 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with, has accorded sanction ***to implement the scheme and syllabus of Core Courses for BCA Programme restructured in line with Choice Based Credit Semester System, with effect from 2009 admission,*** subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

6. The restructured scheme and syllabus of Core Courses for BCA Programme under Choice Based Credit Semester System, implemented with effect from 2009 admission is appended.

7. The Scheme and Syllabus of Complementary Course offered for this Programme will be available along with the syllabus of Core Courses of the Complementary subject.

8. The affiliated Colleges are not permitted to offer Complementary Courses in violation to the provisional/permanent affiliation granted by the University. Changes in Complementary Courses are permitted with prior sanction /revision in the affiliation order already issued in this regard.

9. If there is any inconsistency between the Regulations for CCSS and its application to the Scheme & Syllabus prepared, the former shall prevail.

10. Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

REGISTRAR

To:

1. The Principals of Colleges offering BCA Programme

2. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE)

Copy To:

1. The Chairman, BOS Computer Science (UG)

2. PS to VC/PA to PVC/PA to Regr

3. DR/AR I Academic

4. Central Library 5. SF/DF/FC.

Forwarded/By Order

SECTION OFFICER

*Appendix to U.O No Acad/C2/2389/2009(2) dated 10-07-2009.*



# **KANNUR UNIVERSITY**

## **Course Structure and Syllabus**

**FOR**

**UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME**

**IN**

# **COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**

**UNDER**

**CHOICE BASED CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM**

**w.e.f 2009 ADMISSION**

**Course Structure**  
**Bachelor of Computer Applications**

**Semester – 1**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Common Course – English 1	5		4
2	Common Course – English 2	4		3
3	Common Course – Additional Language 1	5		4
4	Common Course -Informatics for Computer Application	3		4
5	Complementary (Mathematics - I )	4		3
6	Core Course 1	2		2
7	Core Course 2		2	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>22</b>

**Semester – 2**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Common course – English 3	5		4
2	Common course – English 4	4		3
3	Common course – Additional Language 2	5		4
4	Complementary (Mathematics - II)	4		3
5	Core course 3	3		2
6	Core course 4	2		3
7	Core course 5		2	2
	<b>Total</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>21</b>

**Semester – 3**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Common course - Entrepreneurship	4		4
2	Common course –Methodology of CS	4		4
3	Complementary (Mathematics III)	4		3
4	Core course 6	4		3
5	Core course7	4		3
6	Core course 8		5	3
	<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>

**Semester – 4**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Common course - Numerical skills	4		4
2	Complementary (Mathematics IV)	4		3
3	Core course 9	4		3
4	Core course 10	4		3
5	Core course 11	4		3
6	Core course 12		5	3
	<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>19</b>

**Semester –5**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Open course I	2		2
3	Core course 13	4		3
4	Core course 14	4		3
5	Core course 15	3		2
6	Core course 16	4		3
7	Core Course 17		4	3
8	Core Course 18		4	3
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>19</b>

**Semester –6**

No	Title of the Course	Hours/week		Credits
		Theory	Practical	
1	Open course II	2		2
2	Core course 19	3		3
3	Core course 20	4		3
4	Core course 21 (Elective I)	4		3
5	Core course 22 (Elective II)	4		3
6	Core Course 23		8	5
	<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>19</b>

**Scheme-Core/General courses (BCA)**

No	Semester	Course Code	Title of the course	Hours/Week	Credits
1	I	1B01BCA	Programming in C	2	2
2	I	1B02BCA	Lab - I ( C programming)	2	2
3	I	1A13BCA	Informatics for Computer Application	3	4
4	II	2B03BCA	Digital Systems	3	2
5	II	2B04BCA	Object Oriented Programming & C++	2	3
6	II	2B05BCA	Lab - - II ( C++ programming)	2	2
7	III	3A14BCA	Methodology of Computer Science	4	4
8	III	3B06BCA	Database Management Systems	4	3
9	III	3B07BCA	Computer Organization	4	3
10	III	3B08BCA	Lab - III ( Data Structures and DBMS)	5	3
11	III	3A11BCA	Entrepreneurship	4	4
12	IV	4B09BCA	Operating systems	4	3
13	IV	4B10BCA	Java Programming	4	3
14	IV	4B11BCA	Linux Administration	4	3
15	IV	4B12BCA	Lab - IV (Java / Linux Administration)	5	3
16	IV	4A12BCA	Numerical skills	4	4
17	V	5B13BCA	Software Engineering	4	3
18	V	5B14BCA	Data communication and Computer Network	4	3
19	V	5B15BCA	Web Technology	3	2
20	V	5B16BCA	Visual Programming	4	3
21	V	5B17BCA	Lab V ( Web Technology )	4	3
22	V	5B18BCA	Lab VI ( Visual Programming)	4	3
23	VI	6B19BCA	Systems Software	3	3
24	VI	6B20BCA	Introduction to Microprocessors	4	3
25	VI	6B21BCA	Elective I *	4	3
26	VI	6B22BCA	Elective II **	4	3
27	VI	6B23BCA	Lab VII (Project)	8	5

## **Electives**

*Note : Course 6B21BCA shall be selected from Section A and Course 6B22BCA from section B of the following list of elective courses.*

No	Semester	Course Code	Title of the Course	Hours/ Week	Credits
<b>Section A*</b>					
1	VI	6B21BCA E01	Algorithm Analysis & Design	4	3
2	VI	6B21BCA E02	Information Security	4	3
3	VI	6B21BCA E03	Mobile Communications	4	3
4	VI	6B21BCA E04	Soft Computing.	4	3
5	VI	6B21BCA E05	Numerical Methods	4	3
6	VI	6B21BCA E06	Computer Graphics	4	3
<b>Section B**</b>					
7	VI	6B22BCA E07	Distributed Systems	4	3
8	VI	6B22BCA E08	Network Programming	4	3
9	VI	6B22BCA E09	Data Mining.	4	3
10	VI	6B22BCA E10	C# and .NET frame work	4	3
11	VI	6B22BCA E11	Digital Image Processing	4	3
12	VI	6B22BCA E12	Data Compression	4	3

**Evaluation:****Continuous Evaluation-**

Continuous assessment carries a weightage of 25%. There shall be no separate minimum for CE.

The components of continuous evaluation are given below :

**a. Theory**

Component		Weight	
a.	Attendance	Below 75% - F; 75 – 79 : D; 80 – 89 : C 90 – 94 : B; 95 – 100 : A	1
b.	Assignment	One or more assignments shall be given. The number of assignment shall be proportional to the effort required to complete the assignments. Evaluation criteria shall be decided by the faculty concerned and must be made available to the students at the beginning of the semester. Structure, content, presentation, timely submission etc shall be considered for awarding grade.	1
c.	Seminar / Viva	Students may be asked to take a seminar on a topic relevant to the course (Not from the prescribed syllabus). Evaluation criteria shall be decided by the faculty concerned and must be made available to the students at the beginning of the semester. Seminar report, presentation skill, preparation etc shall be considered for awarding grades.  <b>OR</b> The faculty may conduct (himself/ herself or as a team) one or more course viva based on the syllabus of the course.	1
d.	Tests	A minimum of two tests shall be conducted. Test papers shall be graded by the same procedure adopted for ESE. If more than two tests are conducted, best two grades shall be considered for calculation of CE grade	2

**Consolidation of grades for CE (Theory) - Sample**

Component	Weight(W)	Grade Awarded	Grade points (G)	Weighted Grade points (WxG)
Attendance	1	A	4	4
Assignment	1	B	3	3
Seminar / Viva	1	B	3	3
Test paper	2	C	2	4
Total	5			14
<b>CE Grade</b>	Total weighted grade points / Total weights = 14/5 = 2.8 = B			

**b. Practical**

Component			Weight
a.	Attendance	Below 75% - F; 75 – 79 : D; 80 – 89 : C 90 – 94 : B; 95 – 100 : A	1
b.	Practical test / Lab skill	Performance of the students in the practical sessions may be evaluated regularly. <i>Evaluation criteria shall be decided by the faculty in charge and should be made available to the students at the beginning of the semester.</i> Grade awarded shall be based on preparation for practical session, maintenance of rough record, diligence, timely completion of exercises etc.	2
c.	Practical record	Grade shall be awarded based on recording of required number of lab assignments, format, content, Presentation and neatness of the record, timely submission etc. Evaluation criteria should be decided by the <i>faculty in charge</i> and should be made available to the students at the beginning of the semester.	1
d.	viva	Viva may be conducted on regular basis or at the end of the semester. The details should be made available at the beginning of the semester by the faculty in charge.	1

**Consolidation of grades for CE (Practical) - Sample**

Component	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade points (G)	Weighted Grade points (WxG)
Attendance	1	A	4	4
Lab skill / practical test	2	B	3	6
Record	1	B	3	3
Viva	1	C	2	2
Total	5			15
<b>CE Grade</b>	Total weighted grade points / Total weights = $15/5 = 3 = B$			



**End Semester Evaluation**

- i. Examination for both theory and practical courses shall be conducted at the end of the respective semester.
- ii. Duration of examination for both theory and practical, unless otherwise specified in the syllabus of the course, shall be **three** hours.
- iii. End – semester evaluation in practical courses shall be conducted by two examines – one internal and one external.
- iv. End Semester Examination question shall consist of the following types and number of questions :

Sr No	Type of questions	weight	Number of Questions to be answered / total number of questions	Max. weighted grade point
1	A bunch of four objective type questions	1	2 bunch x 4 = 8	8
2	Short answer	1	5 / 8	20
3	Short essay / programs	2	5/8	40
4	Essay type	4	1/2	16

## **1B01BCA Programming in C**

**Hours per Week : 2**

**Credit : 2**

**Objectives :**

1. To learn basic concepts in programming.
2. Familiarize the basic syntax and semantics of c language.
3. To develop c programs.
4. To design algorithm for solving a programming problem.
5. Develop skill in programming.
6. Familiarize with advanced features of c.

**Module I** Algorithms and Flow charts: Definitions, Symbols used, Examples.

[High level and low level languages, Generations of Programming languages]\* for self study  
Compilers and interpreters.

Program : structure, top-down design, source code, object code, executable file, file extensions.  
Importance of C; Basic structure of C, Programming style, executing a c program. Character set, C tokens, Keywords, identifiers, Constants, data types, declaration of variables, arithmetic operators , logical operators, Relational operators, Assignment operators, Increment and decrement operators, conditional operators, Bitwise operators. Precedence and order of evaluation. type conversion in expression.  
common programming errors, program testing and debugging, program efficiency.

**Module II** Managing Input output operation: reading a character, writing a character, formatted input output. Branching statements-if, if..else, nested if..else, else...if ladder, switch statement, go to statement. Looping statements- while, do...while, for loop. Break and continue statements.

**Module III** Arrays: One dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, Initializing array elements, Multidimensional arrays.

Strings : declaration and initializing , reading and writing. Arithmetic operations on character. String handling functions.

Functions: Library and user defined, defining a function, calling a function. Parameter passing techniques, Scope and life time of variables in function, recursive functions, arrays and functions.

**Module IV** Structure and union: definition, giving values to members, initialization. Array of structures, array with in structure, structure with in structure, union.

Pointers: accessing the address of a variable, declaration and initializing pointers, accessing a variable through its pointers, pointer arithmetic, pointers and arrays (pointer to array and array

of pointers) , pointers and character string , pointer and functions. Dynamic memory allocation: malloc(), calloc(), free(),realloc().

**Module V** File Management: Text and binary files, Defining and opening a file, closing a file, input and output operations on file, error handling, random access file.

Bitwise operations; Preprocessor directives, #include, #define, Macros with arguments; Conditional compilation. Header file concept. Multiple file programming. Command line arguments.

**Text Book :**

1. ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition McGraw-Hill Publication

**Reference books:**

1. Computer Basics and c Programming, V. Rajaraman, PHI, 2008
2. Programming with ANSI and Turbo C, Ashok N. Kamthane, 1<sup>st</sup> edn, Pearson Education.
3. Let us C, Yeshvanth Kanethkar, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, BPB,
4. Programming with C in Linux, NIIT, PHI.
5. C by Example, Noel Kalicharan, Cambridge University press.

**Web Resources:**

1. [www.cprogramming.com](http://www.cprogramming.com)
2. [www.programmersheaven.com](http://www.programmersheaven.com)

**Question Distribution**

Module	Number of questions			
	Section A	Section B	Section C	Section D
I	2	2	1	2
II	2	1	2	
III	2	1	2	
IV	1	2	2	
V	1	2	1	

**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**1B01BCA Programming in C**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Weighted Grade Point=84**

**SECTION A**

Answer all Questions. Weightage for a bunch of four questions is 1.  
Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $1(W) \times 2(\text{bunch}) \times 4(\text{Max GP}) = 8$

1. Which of the following is incorrect declaration ?  
a. auto int count;    b. register char ch;    c. extern long total;    d. static name;
2. What is the value of the following statement ?  $-14\% - 3$   
a. -2            b. +2            c. 1            d. 0
3. For using character functions, we must include the header file ..... In the program.
4. A for loop with no test conditions is known as -- loop.
5. The function ..... is used to determine the length of a string.
6. A function that call itself is known as a ..... function.
7. A ..... is a collection of data items under one name in which the items share the same storage.  
a. Structure    b. Array                    c. Union.            D. Strings
8. The mode ... is used for opening a file for updating.

**SECTION B**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 1 each  
Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $1(W) \times 5(Qn) \times 4(\text{Max GP}) = 20$

9. List and explain logical operators in c.
10. What is the value of Z if  $X=2$ ;  $Y=X++$ ;  $Z = ++X$ ;
11. Write if statements required to find the minimum of three integers i, j and k.
12. Write necessary array declaration statements: list of 100 integers, a matrix of size 10x20 and a list of 100 names.
13. Differentiate between structure and union.
14. Explain the following :  $\text{int *k} = \text{malloc}(\text{sizeof int})$ ;
15. Differentiate between text and binary files.
16. What is a macro?

**SECTION C**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 2 each  
Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $2(W) \times 5(Qn) \times 4(\text{Max GP}) = 40$

17. Write algorithm to find the roots of a quadratic equation.
18. With suitable examples, explain break and continue statements.
19. Write c program to read n positive integers and print number of odd and even numbers.
20. With suitable example(s), explain parameter passing techniques in c functions.

21. Write a function to find the sum of diagonal elements of an nxn matrix. Use pointers to access matrix elements.
22. Declare a structure with fields : name, age and amount (real number). Write a program to read a record and print it.
23. Explain how a one dimensional array can be accessed with pointers. With suitable example discuss pointer arithmetic.
24. Write a program to create a text file. Each record of the file should contain a name and a number.

#### SECTION D

Answer any one Question Weightage 4

Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $4(W) \times 1(Qn) \times 4(\text{Max GP})=16$

25. Write a complete program to read two matrices and print their product. Your program should be general and well structured. (Use function for various sub tasks)
26. With suitable examples explain the following:
  - a. Switch statement.
  - b. Recursive function.
  - c. Conditional compilation.
  - d. Pointer to array and array of pointers.

## 1B02BCA Lab I (C Programming)

**Hours per Week :** 3

**Credit :** 2

**Objectives:**

1. Skill in Programming using c language.
2. Expertise in c program development steps : edit, compile, debug, execute and test under Windows as well as Linux platforms.

### List of Programs

**Students have to do and record a minimum of 20 programs. They have to be familiar with both windows and Linux platforms.**

#### Part A

#### (Minimum 10 programs)

1. Develop a program that reads a floating point number and then displays the right most digit of the integral part of the number.
2. The straight line method of computing the yearly depreciation of the value of an item is given by

$$\text{Depreciation} = \frac{\text{purchase price} - \text{Salvage value}}{\text{Year of Service}}$$

Develop a program to determine the salvage value of an item when the purchase price, year of service and annual depreciation are given.

3. Develop an interactive program to demonstrate the process of multiplication. The program should ask the user to enter two two-digit integers and print the product of integers as shown below:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \phantom{7 \times} 45 \\
 \times \phantom{7 \times} 37 \\
 \hline
 7 \times 45 \text{ is} \phantom{00} 315 \\
 3 \times 45 \text{ is} \phantom{00} 135 \\
 \hline
 \text{Add them} \phantom{00} 1665 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

4. Develop a program to find the number of and sum of all integers greater than 100 and less than 200 that are divisible by 7.
5. A set of two linear equations with two unknowns  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  is given below:

$$a x_1 + b x_2 = m$$

$$c x_1 + d x_2 = n$$

The set has a unique solution

$$x_1 = \frac{md - bn}{ad - cb} \quad x_2 = \frac{na - mc}{ad - cb}$$

Provided the denominator  $ad - cb$  is not equal to zero.

Develop a program that will read the values of the constants a, b, c, m and n and compute the values of x1 and x2. An appropriate message should be printed if  $ad - cb = 0$ .

6. Admission to a professional course is subject to the following conditions:
- Marks in mathematics  $\geq 60$ .
  - Marks in Physics  $\geq 50$ .
  - Marks in Chemistry  $\geq 40$ .
  - Total in all three subjects  $\geq 200$

Or

Total in Mathematics and Physics  $\geq 150$ .

Given the marks in the three subjects, develop a program to print whether an applicant is eligible or not.

7. A cloth showroom has announced the following seasonal discounts on purchase of items:

Purchase amount	Discount	
	Mill cloth	Handloom Items
0 – 100	--	5%
101 – 200	5%	7.5%
201 – 300	7.5%	10%
Above 300	10%	15%

Develop a program using switch and if statements to compute the net amount to be paid by a customer.

8. Develop a program that will read the value of x and evaluate the following function :

$$y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0 \\ -1 & \text{for } x > 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{using nested if, else if and conditional}$$

operator.

9. Develop a program using do—while loop to print the first m Fibonacci numbers.
10. Develop a program to print the following output using for loop :

```

*****
*****
*****
****
***
**
*
```

11. Develop a program to read the age of 100 persons and count the number of persons in the age group 50 to 60. Use for and continue statements.
12. Develop a program to read a positive integer and print its binary equivalent.
13. Develop a program to compute Euler's number e using the following formulae :

$$E = 1 + 1/1! + 1/2! + 1/3! + \dots + 1/n!$$

14. Develop a program to evaluate the following function to 0.0001% accuracy.

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \dots$$

15. Develop a program to sort a list of n positive integers in ascending order.

16. Develop a program to search a list of integers for a key k. (Sequential search).

17. Given two one dimensional sorted (ascending) arrays A and B. Develop a program to merge them into a single sorted array C that contains every item from arrays A and B, in ascending order.

18. Develop a program for matrix multiplication.

19. Write a program for fitting a straight line through a set of points  $(x_i, y_i)$ ,  $i=1,2,\dots,n$ .

The straight line equation is  $y = mx + c$ . the values of m and c are given by:

$$m = \frac{n\sum(x_i y_i) - (\sum x_i)(\sum y_i)}{n(\sum x_i^2) - (\sum x_i)^2} \quad c = \frac{1}{n}(\sum y_i - m\sum x_i)$$

### Part B

#### (Minimum 10 programs)

18. Develop a program to read a string and determine whether it is a palindrome.

19. Develop a program to read a text and count occurrences of a particular word.

20. Develop a program to replace a particular word by another word in a given string.

21. Develop a program to read a set of n names and sort them in alphabetic order.

22. Develop a function prime that returns 1 if its argument is a prime number and returns a zero otherwise. Develop a main program to read n integers into an array and print all prime numbers in the array.

23. Develop a recursive function to find factorial of a number.

24. Develop a function that will scan a character string passed as an argument and convert all lower case characters into their uppercase equivalent.

25. Design and code an interactive modular program that will use functions to read a matrix of m by n size, compute column averages and row averages, and then print the entire matrix with averages shown in respective rows and columns.

26. Define a structure data type called time-struct containing three members integer hour, integer minute and integer second. Develop a program that would assign values to the individual members and display the time in the following form: 16:30:21

27. Define a structure named census with the following three members :

- A character array city[] to store names.
- A long integer to store population of the city.
- A float member to store the literacy level.

Develop a program to do the following:

- To read details for 5 cities.
- To sort the list of cities in alphabetic order.
- To sort the list based on population.
- To display the sorted lists.



28. Develop a function (using pointers) that reverses the elements of a given array.
29. Develop a program to copy the contents of one file into another.
30. Two files DATA1 and DATA2 contain sorted lists of integers. Develop a program to produce a third file DATA which holds a single sorted, merged list of these two lists. Use command line arguments to specify the file names.

## 1A13BCA Informatics for Computer Application

**Hours per Week : 3**

**Credits :4**

### **Aim of the Course**

To update and expand basic informatics skills and attitudes relevant to the emerging knowledge society and also to equip the students to effectively utilize the digital knowledge resources for their chosen courses of study.

### **Objectives of the Course**

- To review the basic concepts & functional knowledge in the field of informatics.
- To review functional knowledge in a standard office package and popular utilities
- To create awareness about nature of the emerging digital knowledge society
- To create awareness about social issues and concerns in the use of digital technology
- To impart skills to enable students to use digital knowledge resources in learning.

### **Course Outline**

#### **Module I** : (Ref Essential reading 1)

Computer basics ; Evolution, generation and classification of computers.

Computer Organization and Architecture : CPU; Communication among various units; Instruction format; Instruction cycle; Instruction set; Data representation; coding schemes.

Computer memory and Storage : Memory hierarchy; RAM; ROM; secondary storages-magnetic, optical and magneto-optical storage devices. Mass storage devices.

#### **Module II** : (Ref Essential reading 1)

Input output devices -Types of I/O devices.

Software : definition; categories; software terminologies.

Operating system : introduction, definition, evolution; types; functions. \*(Essential features of Linux and Windows OS).

#### **Module III** : (Ref Essential reading 1)

Computer Programming and languages : Algorithm; Flow chart; Pseudo code; Program control structures; Programming paradigm; Programming languages; Generation of programming languages.

#### **Module IV** - KNOWLEDGE SKILLS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Data, information and knowledge, knowledge management- Internet access methods – Dial-up, DSL, Cable,ISDN,Wi-Fi - Internet as a knowledge repository, academic search techniques,

Creating cyber presence, \*(case study of academic websites), open access initiatives, open access publishing models. Basic concepts of IPR, copyrights and patents, plagiarism, introduction to use of IT in teaching and learning, \*( case study of educational software), \*(academic services-INFLIBNET, NICNET, BRNET)

**Module V - SOCIAL INFORMATICS**

IT & Society- issues and concerns- digital divide, IT & development, the free software movement , IT industry: new opportunities and new threats, software piracy, cyber ethics, cyber crime, cyber threats, cyber security, privacy issues, cyber laws, cyber addictions, information overload, health issues- guide lines for proper usage of computers, internet and mobile phones. impact of IT on language & culture-localization issues- Unicode-IT and regional languages

- Note : a Practical / demonstration sessions may arranged for selected topics.  
 b. Self study / seminars / group discussion shall be encouraged for this course.  
 \*\* .To be excluded from End semester evaluation.

**Essential Reading**

1. Introduction to information Technology, ITL Education solutions, Pearson Education
2. V. Rajaraman, Introduction to Information Technology, Prentice Hall
3. Technology in Action, Pearson
4. Alexis Leon & Mathews Leon, Computers Today, Leon Vikas,
5. Peter Norton, Introduction to Computers,6e,(Indian Adapted Edition).
- 6.

**Additional References**

- Greg Perry, SAMS Teach Yourself Open Office.org, SAMS,
- Alexis & Mathews Leon, Fundamentals of Information Technology, Leon Vikas
- George Beekman, Eugene Rathswohl, Computer Confluence, Pearson Education,
- Barbara Wilson, Information Technology: The Basics, Thomson Learning
- John Ray, 10 Minute Guide to Linux, PHI, ISBN 81-203-1549-9
- Ramesh Bangia, Learning Computer Fundamentals, Khanna Book Publishers

**Web Resources:**

- [www.fgcu.edu/support/office2000](http://www.fgcu.edu/support/office2000)
- [www.openoffice.org](http://www.openoffice.org) Open Office Official web site
- [www.microsoft.com/office](http://www.microsoft.com/office) MS Office web site
- [www.lgta.org](http://www.lgta.org) Office on-line lessons
- [www.learnthenet.com](http://www.learnthenet.com) Web Primer

**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**1A13BCA Informatics for Computer Application**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Weighted Grade Point=84**

**SECTION A**

Answer all Questions. Weightage for a bunch of four questions is 1.  
 Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 2 (bunch) x 4( Max GP)= 8

1. A register that keep track of next instruction to be executed is called a ....  
 a. Program counter    b. Instruction register    c. accumulator    d. Data register
2. RAID stands for .....
3. Which of the following technique is best suited for bank cheques ?  
 a. OCR                      b. BAR                      c. OMR                      d. MICR
4. RTOS stands for .....
5. The semantic and syntax errors in a program are checked in:  
 a. Coding phase            b. Testing phase            c. implementation phased.    d. Analysis phase
6. .... Helps in converting programming language into machine language.
7. DSL stands for .....
8. Madhuri is a software for .....

**SECTION B**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 1 each

Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=20

9. Give the hierarchy of compute memory.
10. Define operating system.
11. Define instruction cycle.
12. What is a shareware?
13. Define algorithm
14. What is a compiler?
15. Define data and information.
16. What is Unicode?

**SECTION C**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 2 each

Maximum Weighted Grade Point 2(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=40

17. Write note on optical storage devices.
18. List and explain features of operating systems.
19. Draw a flow chart to find the largest of three numbers.
20. Write notes on generation of programming languages.
21. Discuss IPR.
22. Discuss use of It in education.
23. Write notes on cyber ethics.
24. Discuss about proper usage of internet.

**SECTION D**

Answer any one Question Weightage 4

Maximum Weighted Grade Point 4(W) x 1(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=16

25. a. Discuss internet as a knowledge repository.  
 b. Write notes on cyber crime.
26. Write notes on the following :  
 a. Data representation.  
 b. Types of operating systems.  
 c. Programming paradigms.

## 2B03BCA Digital Systems

**Hours per Week : 3**

**Credit : 2**

**Objectives:**

1. Introduce the basic concepts in digital electronics.
2. Appreciate significance of digitals systems in computer science.
3. Familiarize with basic building blocks of digital systems.
4. Design simple combinational digital systems.
5. Familiarize different number systems and codes.
6. Distinguish between analogue and digital data.

**Module I**: Digital Principles: Definitions; digital Waveforms; digital Logic; Digital operations; Digital ICs and Signal Levels (Basic ideas only).  
Digital Logic: Basic Gates; Boolean algebra; NOR and NAND gates; AND-OR-INVERT gates; positive and Negative logic.

**Module II** :Combinational Logic Circuits: Boolean laws and Theorems; SOP methods; Truth table and K-map, K-map simplification (up to four variable);  
Data-processing circuits: Multiplexers; Demultiplexers; 1-of-16 decoder; BCD to decimal decoder; Seven-segment decoder; Encoders; Ex-Or gates; Parity generators and checkers; ROM .

**Module III** :Octal and Hexadecimal number system; CODES : ASCII, Excess-3, GRAY and UNICODE.  
Binary number representation and arithmetic; Arithmetic Building blocks; ADDER – SUBTRACTOR.

**Module IV** : FLIP FLOPS : RS ; Gated FFs; Edge triggered RS, D and JK flip Flops; Flip flop Timings; JK Master Slave Flip flops.  
Registers : Types : Serial in – Serial Out; Serial In – parallel out; parallel In – Serial Out; Parallel In – parallel Out; ring Counters.

**Module V** :Counters : Asynchronous counters ; Decoding gates; Synchronous counters; changing the counter Modulus; Decade counters; Presetable counters; Shift counters; A Mod-10 Shift Counter with encoding.

**Text Books:**

1. Digital Principles and Applications; Leach and Malvino; TMH; 6<sup>th</sup> edn

**Reference**

1. Digital Fundamentals, Floyd, 10<sup>th</sup> Edn, Prentice Hall.

**Question Distribution**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Number of questions</b>			
	<b>Section A</b>	<b>Section B</b>	<b>Section C</b>	<b>Section D</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
<b>III</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	
<b>IV</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	

**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**2B03BCA Digital Systems**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Weighted Grade Point=84**

**SECTION A**

Answer all Questions. Weightage for a bunch of four questions is 1.  
Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 2 (bunch) x 4( Max GP)= 8

1. An inverter is also called a .....gate.
2. Simplified Boolean expression corresponding to  $Y = AB'C + ABC$  is .....
3. De Morgan's first theorem states that a NOR gate is equivalent to a bubbled ..... gate.  
a. AND      b. XOR      c. XNOR      d. NOR
4. A combinational logic circuit which is used to send data coming from a single source to two or more separate destinations is called as  
a. decoder      b. Encoder      c. Multiplexer d. demultiplexer.
5. Conversion of binary number 101101to hexadecimal is  
a. 37    b. 2D    c. 2E    d. 27
6. Excess – 3 code corresponding to BCD code 1001 is .....
7. With a NAND latch, a low R and a low S produce a ..... condition.  
a. race b. set    c. reset d. no change
8. Minimum number of flip-flop required for a decade counter is .....

**SECTION B**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 1 each

Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=20

9. What is a buffer? Give any one application of it.
10. Draw logic circuit whose Boolean equation is  $Y = \bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}C$ .
11. Give truth table and logic diagram of Exclusive-Or gate.
12. Explain the significance of Octal and Hexadecimal number systems in Computer Science.
13. Explain UNICODE.
14. What is a Flip-flop? Why is it called a sequential circuit?
15. What is a Register? Give labeled block diagram of a 3 bit serial in – serial out register.
16. Differentiate between asynchronous and synchronous counters.

**SECTIONC**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 2 each

Maximum Weighted Grade Point 2(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=40

17. With the help of block diagram, explain how an AND gate can be constructed with NAND gates.
18. With suitable example, explain how K-map can be used to obtain simplified expression from a truth table.
19. Write note on parity checkers / generator.
20. Draw logic diagram for one bit full adder circuit using AND-OR gates. Explain the

working of it.

21. Explain ring counter.
22. With the help of block diagram, explain J-K flip flop.
23. With the help of block diagram, explain working of a decade counter.
24. Write notes on presettable counters.

#### SECTION D

Answer any one Question Weightage 4

Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $4(W) \times 1(Qn) \times 4(\text{Max GP})=16$

25. With suitable diagram, explain BCD to Decimal decoder circuit.
26. With the help of suitable example, explain design and working of Asynchronous counters.



## **2B04BCA Object Oriented Programming & C++**

**Hours per Week :** 2

**Credit :** 3

**Aim :** To introduce Object oriented concepts and to impart skill in object oriented programming using C++.

**Objectives:**

1. Introduce concepts such as classes and objects.
2. Define and use classes and objects using C++ language.
3. Introduce OOPs concepts such as inheritance and polymorphism and their implementation using C++.
4. Skill in developing OO Program for a given problem.

**Module I** : Principles of object oriented programming; OOP paradigm; Basic concepts of OOP; Benefits; applications.

Introduction to C++, Structure of C++ program; how to create and execute a C++ program under Windows and Linux.

Tokens, Keywords, identifiers and constants; Basic data types; user defined data types; Derived data types; symbolic constants; type compatibility; declaration and dynamic initialization of variables; reference variables.

Operators; Scope resolution; memory dereferencing and memory management operators; manipulators; type cast operators; Expressions and their types; Special assignment expressions; implicit conversions; operator overloading; operator precedence; Control structures.

**Module II** : Functions : main; prototyping; call by reference; inline function; default and const arguments; function overloading; friend and virtual functions; Math library functions.

Structures; Specifying a class; Defining member functions; making an outside function inline; nesting of member functions; private member functions; arrays within a class; memory allocation for objects; static data members; static member functions; arrays of objects; objects as function arguments; friendly functions; returning objects; const member functions; pointer to members; Local classes.

**Module III** : Constructors and destructors : - Constructors; Parameterized constructors; Multiple constructors; multiple constructors in a class; constructors with default arguments; dynamic initialization of objects; copy constructor; Dynamic constructors; const objects; Destructors.

Operator overloading – definition; overloading unary operators; overloading binary operators; overloading binary operators using friends; manipulation of strings using operators; rules for overloading operators. Type conversions.

**Module IV** : Inheritance – defining derived classes; single inheritance; making a private member inheritance; multilevel inheritance; multiple inheritance; hierarchical inheritance; hybrid

inheritance; virtual base classes; abstract classes; constructors in derived classes; Nesting of classes.

Pointers; Pointers to objects; Pointers to derived classes; virtual functions; pure virtual functions.

**Module V** :C++ streams; stream classes; unformatted I/O operations; Formatted console I/O operations; Managing output with manipulators.

Files – classes for file stream operations; Opening and closing a file; file modes; file pointers and their manipulations; Sequential input and output operation.

**Text book :**

1. Object Oriented Programming with C++; E. Balagurusamy; 3rd Edn; TMH 2006

**Reference Books: .**

1. Programming in C++, M.T. Somashekara, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2.Object Oriented Programming with ANSI & Turbo C++, Ashok N. Kamthane, Pearson Education
3. Let us C++, Yeshwanth Kanethkar, BPB

**Question Distribution**

Module	Number of questions			
	Section A	Section B	Section C	Section D
I	2	2	1	1
II	2	1	2	
III	2	2	1	
IV	1	2	2	1
V	1	1	2	

**MODEL QUESTION PAPER**  
**2B04BCA Object Oriented Programming & C++**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Weighted Grade Point=84**

**SECTION A**

Answer all Questions. Weightage for a bunch of four questions is 1.  
 Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 2 (bunch) x 4( Max GP)= 8

1. C++ language was invented by :
  - a. Bjarne Stroustrup
  - b. Dennis Ritchie
  - c. Ken Thompson
  - d. None of the above.
2. The cin and cout functions require the header file to include :
  - a. iostream.h
  - b. stdio.H
  - c. iomanip.h
  - d. None of the above.
3. The new operator
  - a. allocates memory
  - b. releases memory
  - c. both a and b.
  - d. None of the above.
4. The default arguments are used when :
  - a. function is called with less arguments
  - b. Function is void.
  - c. when arguments are passed by reference
  - d. None of the above.
5. The members of a class are by default
  - a. private.
  - B. Public
  - c. Protected
  - d. None of the above.
6. A, B and C are objects of the same class. To execute the statement A = B+c, which operator must be overloaded.
  - a. +
  - b. =
  - c. + and =
  - d. None
7. Class A is a base class of class B. The relationship between them is :
  - a. kind of relationship.
  - B. has a relationship
  - c. is a relationship
  - d. None of the above.
8. When a base class is not used for object declaration it is called :
  - a. abstract class
  - b. container class
  - c. concrete class
  - d. derived class

**SECTION B**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 1 each  
 Maximum Weighted Grade Point 1(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=20

9. Compare and contrast OOP languages with procedure oriented languages.
10. What are formatted and unformatted input/output functions?
11. What is a constructor?
12. List the rules for overloading operators.
13. Explain this pointer.
14. Explain accessing private members with pointers.
15. What is an abstract class?
16. What is a virtual function?

**SECTION C**

Answer any 5 Questions. Weightage 2 each  
 Maximum Weighted Grade Point 2(W) x 5(Qn) x 4( Max GP)=40

17. Explain the following functions with suitable examples : cin(); cout(); getline(); get().
18. Write a program to allocate memory using new operators for 10 integers. Read and display the integers.

19. Explain scope access operator.
20. Explain the following terms:
  - i. Function prototype
  - ii. Inline function
  - iii. Default argument
  - iv. Function overloading.
21. Write a program to declare a class S with a private data member dat of type character array. Include member function to read a string into dat and print dat. Write main program to create an object of type S, and invoke the member functions.
22. What is a copy constructor? Illustrate overloading of constructors with suitable examples.
23. Write a program to overload < operator to display the smallest number out of two objects.
24. Explain the following:
  - i. Object slicing
  - ii. Early binding and late binding
  - iii. Polymorphism

### SECTION C

Answer any one Question Weightage 4

Maximum Weighted Grade Point  $4(W) \times 1(Qn) \times 4(\text{Max GP})=16$

25. With suitable examples explain different types of inheritance.
26. a. Write a program to define class small\_matrix with data member M. M is to be declared so as to store integers matrix of size 2x2. Write a member function det to find determinant of the 2x2 matrix using pointers.
  - b. With suitable examples, explain the terms friend function and friend class.

## 2B05BCA Lab II (C++ Programming)

**Hours per Week :** 2

**Credit :** 2

### List of Programs

Students have to do and record a Minimum 20 programs

All programs must use OOP concepts.

1. Program to find the factorial of a number using recursion.
2. Program to find whether the given number belongs to fibonacci series.
3. Program to find whether the string is palindrome or not. Use pointers.
4. Write a program to sort n numbers.
5. Program to find biggest, smallest, sum and difference of two numbers using inline function.
6. Program to find the area and volume of respective figures using function overloading.
7. Program to add one day to a given date.
8. Program to add and subtract two matrices.
9. Program to multiply two matrices.
10. Program to find the trace and transpose of a matrix.
11. Program to show stack operations.
12. Create a class time comprises hr,min and sec.as member data and add() and display() as member functions.Use constructor to initialise the object. write a main function to add two time objects, store it in another time object and display the resultant time
13. Program to negate the elements of an array. Use operator overloading function with the operator -.
14. Program to compare two strings. Use operator overloading (==). Do not use any built in functions.
15. Define a class POLAR which comprises polar coordinates like radius and angle as member data. Design another class RECTANGLE comprises rectangular coordinates like x and y. Use data conversion functions to convert from rectangle to polar coordinates and vice versa. You need to use the following trigonometric formulae:
 
$$x = r \cdot \cos(a);$$

$$y = r \cdot \sin(a);$$

$$a = \text{atan}(x/y);$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2};$$
16. Define a class student with name, reg.no, date of birth and name of college as member data and functions to get and display these details. Design another class Test with subjects of study and grade for each subject as member data and corresponding input and output functions. Derive a class Result from both Student and Test classes and Print the Result of each student with relevant information.
17. Start with an array of pointers to strings representing the days of the week. Provide functions to sort the strings into alphabetical order. Use pointers.

18. Create a class person with personal details. Define two functions, setdetails and printdetails. Declare array of pointers to person class and write a main function to set and print the details of n persons using pointers.
19. Design two classes A and B with member data n1 and n2 respectively. Set values for each one. Write a program to interchange the values of both A and B. Use friend function.
20. Design a class SHAPE with dimensions d1 and d2 as member data and area() as member functions to find the area of a shape. Derive three classes RECT, TRIANG and CIRCL from the class SHAPE and override the function area() of base class to find the area of individual shape. Use virtual function.
21. Write a program to show returning current object, accessing member data of current object and returning values of object using this pointer.
22. Design a class employee with relevant emp details. Read the details of n emp from the keyboard and write it into a File named empdetails. At the end of writing every n emp details read them back from the same file and display into the screen. Use separate functions to write and read into and out of the file.
23. Addition / Subtraction / Multiplication of complex numbers using classes.
24. Define a class to represent a bank account. Include the following members :
- Data Members
1. Name of the depositor.
  2. Account number.
  3. Type of account.
  4. Balance amount in the account.
- Member Functions
1. To assign initial values.
  2. To deposit an amount.
  3. To withdraw an amount after checking the balance.
  4. To display name and balance.
- Use appropriate main program.
25. Create two classes DM and DB which store the values of distances. DM stores distance in meters and centimeters and DB in feet and inches. Write a program that read values for the class objects. Include steps to add an object of DB with an object of DM. Use a friend function to carry out the addition and print the results in any unit.
26. Define a class string that could work as a user defined string type. Include constructors that will enable us to create an uninitialized string and also to initialize an object with a string constant at the time of creation. Include a function to add two strings. Write a complete program to test your class to see that it does the following tasks :
- a. Create uninitialized string objects.
  - b. Create objects with string constants.
  - c. Concatenate two string properly.
  - d. Display the desired string objects.
27. Create a class FLOAT that contains one float data member. Overload all the four arithmetic operators so that they operate on the object of FLOAT.

28. Assume that a bank maintain two types of accounts for customers, one called as saving account and the other as current account. The saving account provides compound interest and withdrawal facilities, but no check book facility. The current account provides check book facility but no interest. Current account holders should maintain a minimum balance and if the balance falls below this level, a service charge is imposed. Create a class ACCOUNT that stores customer name, account number and type of account. From this derive the classes CURR\_ACCT and SAVE\_ACCT to make them more specific to their requirements. Include necessary member functions inorder to achieve the following tasks :

- a. Accept deposit from a customer and update the balance.
- b. Display the balance.
- c. Compute and deposit interest.
- d. Permit withdrawal and update balance.
- e. Check for the minimum balance, impose penalty if necessary and update the balance.

Note : Do not use constructors. Use member functions to initialize the class members.

29. Create a base class called shape. Use this class to store two double type values that could be used to compute the area of figures. Derive two specific classes called TRIANGLE and RECTANGLE from the base SHAPE. Add to the base class, a member function get\_data() to initialize base class data members and another member function display\_area() to compute and display the area of figures. Make display\_area() as a virtual function and redefine this function in the derived class to suite the requirements.

## 3A14BCA      Methodology of Computer Science

**Contact Hours per Week : 4 Theory**

**Credit : 3**

**Aim :** To introduce the concept of Data structures and to develop skill in designing and using data structures for programming applications.

**Objectives :**

1. To familiarize students with concept of data structures and its relevance in computer science.
2. To introduce the concept of analysis of algorithms and ability to compare algorithms based on time and space complexity.
3. To familiarize with selected linear and nonlinear data structures.
4. To enhance skill in programming.
5. To inculcate systematic approach to programming.
6. Develop ability to select appropriate data structure for a given problem.
7. Develop ability to design new data structures.

**Language for Implementation : C++**

**Module I** Data structures: Definition and Classification. Analysis of Algorithms : Apriori Analysis; Asymptotic notation; Time complexity using O notation; Average, Best and Worst complexities. Arrays :- Operations; Number of elements; Array representation in memory. Polynomial- Representation with arrays; Polynomial addition. Sparse Polynomial:- representation. Sparse matrix: Efficient representation with arrays; Addition of sparse matrices. Recursive algorithms: examples – factorial and Tower of Hanoi problem.

**Module II** Search : Linear and Binary search; Time complexity; comparison. Sort : Insertion, bubble, selection, quick and merge sort; Comparison of Sort algorithms.

**Module III** Stack: Operations on stack; array representation. Application of stack- i. Postfix expression evaluation. ii. Conversion of infix to postfix expression. Queues: Operation on queue. Array Implementation; Limitations; Circular queue; Dequeue, and priority queue. Application of queue: Job scheduling.

**Module IV** Linked list – Comparison with arrays; representation of linked list in memory. Singly linked list- structure and implementation; Operations – traversing/printing; Add new node; Delete node; Reverse a list; Search and merge two singly linked lists. Stack with singly linked list. Circular linked list – advantage. Queue as Circular linked list. Head nodes in Linked list – Singly linked list with head node – Add / delete nodes; Traversal / print. Doubly linked list – structure; Operations – Add/delete nodes ; Print/traverse. Advantages.



**Module V** Tree and Binary tree: Basic terminologies and properties; Linked representation of Binary tree; Complete and full binary trees; Binary tree representation with array. Tree traversal : Recursive inorder, preorder and postorder traversals. Binary search tree - Definition and operations (Create a BST, Search, Time complexity of search). Application of binary tree: Huffman algorithm.

**Text Book :**

1. Data Structures and Algorithms: Concepts, Techniques and Applications; GAV Pai, Mc Graw Hill, 2008

**Reference Books :**

2. Data Structures in C, Achuthsankar and Mahalekshmi, PHI, 2008
3. Fundamentals of Data structures in C++ , 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn, Horowitz Sahni, Anderson, Universities Press
4. Classic Data structures, Samanta, Second Edition, PHI

**Web Resources :**

1. <http://www.cs.umd.edu/~mount/451/Lects/451lects.pdf>
2. <http://www.brpreiss.com/books/opus6/html/page37.html>
3. [www.nist.gov/dads/HTML/](http://www.nist.gov/dads/HTML/)
4. <http://www.inversereality.org/tutorials/c++/linkedlists.html>
5. <http://www.cs.usask.ca/resources/tutorials/csconcepts>
6. <http://oopweb.com/Algorithms/Files/Algorithms.html>
7. <http://www.cs.ubc.ca/spider/harrison/Java/sorting-demo.html>

## **3B06BCA Database Management Systems**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives :**

1. Introduce the basic concepts in DBMS.
2. Skill in designing database.
3. Familiarization of different DBMS models.
4. Skill in writing queries using MySQL.

**Module I** Introduction – purpose of Database systems. View of Data, data Models, transaction management, database structure, DBA, Data Base Users.

**Module II** E-R model, Basic concepts; design issues; Mapping Constraints; Keys; Primary, Foreign, candidate, E-R diagram; Weak entity set; Extended E-R features.  
Normal forms – 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and BCNF; functional dependency, Normalization.

**Module III** SQL : database languages; DDL; create, alter, Drop, DML, Insert into, Select, update, Delete,. DCL commands, Data types in SQL; Creation of database and user.  
Case study : MySQL.

**Module IV** Developing queries and subqueries; Join operations; Set operations; Integrity constraints, views, Triggers, functions and Sequences.  
Case study : MySQL

**Module V** Relational model – Structure of Relational database. Relational Algebra; Fundamental operations; Relational calculus; Tuple and domain calculus.

**Text books:**

1. Database system concepts; Silberschatz, Korth and Sudarsan, 5<sup>th</sup> Edn; McGraw Hill.
2. The database book : Principles and Practice Using MySQL; Gehani; University Press.

**Reference:**

1. Fundamentals of Database systems, E. Navathe, 4<sup>th</sup> edn, Pearson Education.

## **3B07BCA Computer Organization**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Basic structure of computer-Types of computers-Functional Units-Basic operational Concepts-Bus structure-Multiprocessors and Multi computers-Data representation-Fixed Point representation and floating Point representation.

**Module II** Register Transfer and Micro operations – Register Transfer language-Register Transfer-Bus and memory Transfer-Three state bus buffers-Memory Transfer-Basic Computer Organization and Design – Instruction Codes – Fetch & Decode Instructions – Register Reference Instructions – Memory Reference Instruction – Input output & Interrupt.

**Module III** Micro Programmed Control – Control Memory – Address sequencing – Central Processing Unit – General Register Organization – Control word – Stack Organization – Register stack - Memory Stack – Reverse Polish notation – Evolution of Arithmetic expressions – Instruction Formats – Addressing modes – Data Transfer and Manipulations – reduced Instruction set computer(RISC)

**Module IV** Input Output Organization – Peripheral Devices – Input/Output Interfaces – Asynchronous Data Transfer – Modes of transfer –Priority Interrupt – Direct Memory Access (DMA) - Input Output Processor - Serial Communications.

**Module V** Memory Organization – Hierarchy – Main memory – Auxiliary Memory – Associative Memory – Cache memory – Mapping – Multiprocessors – Characteristics of multiprocessors - Inter connection structures – Inter Processor Arbitration.

### **Text Books**

1. Computer system Architecture –M.Morris Mano - PHI Pvt Limited
2. Computer Organization - Carl Hamacher –International Edition

### **References**

1. Computer Organization and Architecture , William Stallings, 7<sup>th</sup> Edn, Pearson Education.
2. Computer Architecture & Organization John P Hayes –Mc Graw Hill

### **3B08BCA Lab III (Data structures and DBMS)**

**Hours per Week** : 5

**Credit** : 3

The lab consist of two sections, Section A : Data structures and Section B : DBMS. Equal weightage will be given for both sections. For internal assessment, each part may be evaluated independently and final CA grade shall be obtained by combining them. End semester examination question shall carry questions from both sections.

## 4B09BCA Operating Systems

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives:**

1. Introduce basic concepts of operating systems.
2. Familiarize with features of operating systems.
3. Basics of design of operating systems.
4. Overview of Linux.

**Module I** Concepts – Importance – Resource manager – Views – Design considerations – I/O programming – Interrupt structure and processing. (Text Book 1)

Batch Processing System – Multi programming system - Time Sharing System – Real Time System. (Text book 2)

**Module II** Processor management: Process – interacting processes - Threads – Scheduling policies – job scheduling – process scheduling – Multi processor OS. Dead locks – Dead lock handling techniques. (Text book 2)

**Module III** Memory management: Single contiguous allocation – Partitioned allocation – Relocatable partitioned – Paging – Demand paging – Segmentation – Segmentation and demand paging – Other schemes (Text book 1)

**Module IV** Device management: Techniques – Channels and control units – I/O traffic controller, I/O scheduler, I/O device handlers – Virtual devices

Information management: Introduction – General model - SFS – BFS – ACV – LFS – PFS – ASM . (Text book 1)

**Module V** Unix and Linux – History; over view; Process, memory management – I/O – file system – security. (Text Book 3)

**Text Book**

1. Stuart E Madnick and John J Donovan, “Operating Systems”, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2005
2. Dhamdhare, “Systems Programming and Operating Systems”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edn, TMH
3. A. S. Tanenbaum, “Modern Operating systems”; PHI

## **4B10BCA Java Programming**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives:**

1. Review OOPs concepts.
2. Learn features of java
- 3 Skill in java programming.

**Module I** Introduction to Java programming : Java technology; history; java as a new paradigm; features of java; Applications and applets (Simple examples); Java Development Kit  
Java Language fundamentals : Building blocks; Data types; variable declarations; wrapper classes; Operators and assignment; control structures; arrays; strings; String buffer classes.

**Module II** Java as an OOP Language: Defining classes; Modifiers; Packages; Interfaces.

**Module III** Exception handling: Basics; handling exceptions in java; (Try, catch, finally, multiple catch, nested try, throw); Exception and inheritance; Throwing user defined exceptions; Advantages of exception handling.

Multithreading: Overview; Creating threads; thread life cycle; Priorities and scheduling; synchronization; Thread groups; communication of threads; Sample programs.

**Module IV** Files and I/O streams: Overview; Java I/O; file streams; FileInputStream and FileOutputStream; Filter Streams; RandomAccessFile; Serialization.

Applets : Introduction; Application vs. applets; Applet lifecycle; Working with Applets; The HTML APPLET tag; the java.Applet Package; Sample programs.

**Module V** The Abstract Window Toolkit:- Basic classes in AWT; Drawing with Graphics class; Class hierarchy; Event handling; AWT controls (Labels, Buttons, checkbox, radio buttons; choice control; list, textbox, scroll bars); Layout Managers.

JDBC Architecture; Working with JDBC; Processing Queries; The transactions Commit and Rollback; Accessing Metadata; ; Example Programs.

**Text book :**

1. Object Oriented Programming through JAVA, Radha Krishna, University Press.

**Reference:**

1. Programming with java: A primer, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn; E. Balaguruswami; McGraw Hill
2. Java 2 The complete Reference, Schildt, McGraw Hill

## **4B11BCA Linux Administration**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

### **Module I (11 hrs)**

Features and benefits of Linux- basic concepts of multi user system-open source, freedom-Linux-components of Linux, types of users in Linux, types of files.

Introduction-login, password, creating an account, shell and commands, logout,changing password-files and directories-pathname-directory tree-current working directory-referring home directory-creating new directories,copying files,moving files,deleting files and directories-types of shell-wild cards-hidden files- looking at files: cat, more-online help:man.

### **Module II (10 hrs)**

Vi editor-different modes-command mode, insert mode, last line mode- redirecting input/output-filter, pipes, file permissions, user, group, changing file permissions - mounting floppy,HDD, CDROM-file systems-structure of /etc/fstab- Bourne shell scripts: script execution-variables and parameters, if, for, case, while constructs.

### **Module III( 8 hrs)**

Linux Administration: Introduction-various parts of the OS-kernel, system program, application program, system calls-important parts of the kernel

Boot procesS: booting-LILO boot process,/etc/lilo.conf, GRUB, /etc/grub.conf-runlevels-GUI,X windows- rc files, startup scripts.

### **Module IV (10 hrs)**

Major services in linux system : init,/etc/inittab file -login from terminal3, syslog-periodic command execution: at and cron, crontab file

System configuration files:/etc/sysconfig/.....files,keyboard,mouse etc

System security: password,/etc/passwd file-shadow password,/etc/shadow-file permissions, chmod and umask-adding and deleting users-host security, tcp wrappers,/etc/host.allow, /etc/host.deny.

### **Module V ( 9 hrs)**

System Maintance: tmpwatch-logrotate-basic system backup and restore operation-Basic shell configuration for bourne and bash shell : /etc/profile,~/.bashrc,~/.bash\_profile.

Linux Installalation : Partitioning, MBR, SWAP, filesystem managing-different packages, rpm-installation of packages-starting and stopping different services.

\*\* Comparative study of major features of Linux and windows.

**Reference:**

1. Unix in a nutshell, by Daniel Gilly, O'Reilly & Associates
2. Unix Shell Programming, Yeshwanth Kanethkar
3. Linux Administration handbook, Nemeth, PHI
4. Essential System Administration, O'Reilly & Associates.
5. Red Hat Linux Bible
6. A User Guide to the Unix System, Thomas, Yates Tata McGraw Hill

**4B12BCA Lab IV ( Java / Linux Administration)**

**Hours per Week : 5**

**Credit : 3**

The lab consists of two sections, Section A : Java Programming B : Linux Administration. Equal weightage will be given for both sections. For internal assessment, each part may be evaluated independently and final CA grade shall be obtained by combining them. End semester examination questions shall carry questions from both sections.



## **5B13BCA Software Engineering**

**Contact Hours per Week : 4 Theory**

**Credit : 3**

**Aim :** To introduce basics of methodology of Computer Science.

**Objectives :**

1. Understand the basic processes in software Development life cycle.
2. Familiarize with different models and their significance.
3. Approach software development in a systematic way.
4. To familiarize students with requirement engineering and classical software design techniques.
5. To introduce objected oriented design concepts.
6. To familiarize with various software testing techniques and tools.

**Module 1:** Introduction to software engineering-Definition, program versus software, software process, software characteristics, brief introduction about product and process, software process and product matrices; Software life cycle models – Definition, waterfall model, increment process model, evolutionary process model, selection of the life cycle model.

**Module 2:** Software Requirement Analysis and Specification – Requirements engineering, types of requirements, feasibility studies, requirement elicitation, various steps of requirement analysis, requirement documentation, requirement validation.

\*\* [An example which illustrate various stages in requirement analysis.]

**Module 3:** Software design – definition, various types, objectives and importance of design phase, modularity, strategy of design, function oriented design, IEEE recommended practice for software design descriptions.

**Module 4:** Objected Oriented Design – Analysis, design concept, design notations and specifications, design methodology.

\*\*[case study based on Objected Oriented Design]

**Module 5:** Software Testing – What is testing, Why should we test, who should do testing? Test case and Test suit, verification and validation, alpha beta and acceptance testing, functional testing , techniques to design test cases , Boundary value analysis, equivalence class testing, decision table based testing , cause effect graphing techniques ; structural testing , path testing , cyclomatic complexity , Graph matrices , Data flow testing , mutation testing , levels of testing ,

unit testing , integration testing , system testing , validation testing , a brief introduction about debugging and various testing tools.

***\*\* Topics not to be included for end semester evaluation. Nevertheless they may be included for continuous assessment.***

**Text Book:**

1. Software Engineering (Third Edition), K K Aggarwal, Yogesh singh, New age International Publication (For unit 1,2,3,5 and case study of unit 4)
2. An integrated approach to software Engineering (Second Edition ), Pankaj Jalote , Narosa Publishing House - (For Unit 4 )

**References:**

1. Software Engineering (Seventh edition), Ian Sommerville – Addison Wesley
2. Software Engineering A practitioners approach (Sixth Edition), Roger S Pressman - Mc Graw Hill.
3. Fundamentals of Software Engineering (Second Edition), Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, Dino Mandrioli - Pearson Education

## **5B14BCA Data Communication & Computer Network**

**Hours per Week** : 4

**Credit** : 3

**Module I** Introduction to data communication, important elements /components of data communication, Data transmission- Analog, Digital. Transmission media- Guided media, Unguided media. Synchronous / Asynchronous data transmission. Line configuration – Simplex, Half duplex, Duplex. Network topologies – star, Bus, ring, Mesh.

Computer networks, Use, network hardware, network structure- point to point connection, multicast, broadcast, classification of networks-LAN, WAN, Man. Network software – protocol hierarchies.design issues for layers, interfaces and services- connection oriented, connection less.

**Module II** Reference models, the OSI reference model, TCP / IP reference model. Comparison between OSI and TCP / Ip models.

Data Link Layer , Design issues, Services to network layer, Framing- charater count, character stuffing, bit stuffing, physical layer coding violation. Error control, flow control, Elementary data link protocols- unrestricted simplex protocol, simplex stop and wait protocol, simplex protocol for a noisy channel.

**Module III** Network layer, design issues, services to the transport layer, routing algorithms- adaptive, non adaptive algorithms, optimality principle, dijkstras shortest path routing algorithm, flow based routing, hierarchical routing, congestion control algorithms – the leaky bucket algorithm, the token bucket algorithm.

**Module IV** Transport layer, design issues, connection management-addressing, establishing and releasing connection, transport layer protocols- TCP, UDP

**Module V** Application layer, network security, traditional cryptography, substitution ciphers, transposition ciphers, fundamental principles, secret key algorithm, data encryption standard, DES chaining, DES breaking. Public key algorithm, RSA algorithm.

### **References**

1. B Forousan, Introduction to data communication and networking
2. A S Tanenbaum . Computer Networks.
3. Data communication and Networks, Achyut S. godbole, TMH
4. Computer Networks – fundamentals and Applications, Rajesh, Easarakumar & Balasubramaian, Vikas pub.

## 5B15BCA Web Technology

**Hours per Week : 3**

**Credit : 2**

**Module -1:** Introduction to internet and web, An overview of internet programming –WWW design issues. Introduction to HTML-structure of HTML,tags,attributes,syntax of tags ,starting and ending tags,html doc elements-<html>,<title>,<body>,physical style tags,listing,labeling,grouping, <img>-<a>

**Module-2:** Table tags-<tr>,<td>,<th> attributes-height,width,rowspan,colspan, border,color .Form-tag , attributes-type-passwd,submit,radio,check,method,action.Frame-<frame>,<frameset>, <iframe>,<noframe> and other important tags and attributes.

**Module-3** Javascript-datatypes,variables,function,object,array.Client-side object hierarchy and document.object Model,<script>,event handlers,javascript in urls.Windows and frames-dialog boxes,status line,navigator object,opening Windows,closing windows,Location object,history object.- Date object- math object- Accessing form object.

**Module-4:** Intro to PHPand advantages of ,PHP basics-functions,string,array,object,web techniques, database.

**Module-5** Client-server model, introduction to cgi,environment variables, request-response model, encoding and decoding form data. Simple programming in CGI- database.

**Books:** 1.HTML-Definitive Guide O’reilly  
2.Programming in PHP O’reilly  
3.Programming in CGI O’reilly  
4.Javascript-Definitive Guide O’reilly

**Ref:** 1.Complete reference in PHP-Steven Hozner  
2.Beginning PHP5 (Wrox Programmer)  
3.Complete reference HTML-Tata McGraw Hill

## **5B16BCA Visual Programming**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives :**

- i. To introduce Windows programming environment.
- ii. To familiarize with Microsoft foundation Classes.
- iii. Skill in developing programs with VC++.
- iv. Introduce database connectivity using ODBC.

**Module I** The windows environment, dynamic linking, your first windows program, A character – mode model, windows equivalent , Header files ,The MessageBox() function, An introduction to Unicode, brief history, Windows and messages, A window of one's own, An Architectural overview ,Registering the window class, Creating and displaying the window, the message loop, processing the messages, WM\_PAINT and WM\_DESTROY messages, An Introduction to GDI: Device context, Getting Device context, basic drawing, Structure of GDI primitives, Drawing basic shapes.

**12 Hrs**

**Module II** Overview of MFC programming: What is MFC, Advantages of using MFC, features, MFC fundamentals: Class hierarchy, member functions, global functions, AFXWIN.H, MFC application skeleton, creating frame windows, CWinApp, Processing messages: Responding to messages- MFC style, BEGIN\_MESSAGE\_MAP() macro, Responding to key press, MFC Device context classes, WM\_PAINT, WM\_DESTROY, DrawText() and TextOut() functions, simple graphics programs.

**12 Hrs**

**Module III**

Introducing menus: Using Resources, compiling .RC files, creating a menu, Responding to Menu commands, Keyboard: keyboard message handlers , virtual key code,sample programs for handling keyevents, Mouse: Handlers, handling mouse events program. Toolbar: CToolbar class

**11 Hrs**

**Module IV** Dialog Based applications: creating a dialog based programs, modal and modeless dialog boxes, the CDialog class, DoDataExchange(), UpdateData(). OnInItDialog(), DoModal(),OnOk(), OnCancel() functions.

Writing simple dialog based programs.

**10 hrs**

**Module V** ODBC classes: ODBC,database drivers , data source name, connecting visual C++ programs to remote database, CDataBase class, Open(), Close() functions, CRecordSet class, establishing connection, MoveFirst(), MoveNext(), MovePrev(), MoveLast functions, adding, editing and deleting records. M\_strSort and m\_StrFilter variables. creating simple database editing programs.

**10 Hrs**

**Texts:**

Module I—Programming windows by Charles PetZold

Module II ---VC++ 6 from the ground up by John Paul Muller

Module III ---VC++6 programming by Yaswant Kanitkar

Module IV -mastering VC++ by Micheal J.Young BpB publications

Module V -MFC programming with VC++6 by David white,Kennscribner,Eugene olafsen.

**5B17BCA Lab V ( Web Technology )**

**Hours per Week: 4**

**Credit : 3**

**5B18BCA Lab VI ( Visual Programming)**

**Hours per Week: 4**

**Credit : 3**

## 6B19BCA Systems Software

**Hours per Week : 3**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives :**

- i. Introduce formal language processing activities.
- ii. Basic idea of assembly language programming and role of assembler.
- iii. Insight into Design of assemblers and macro processors.
- iv. Concept of Macros and Macro preprocessors.
- v. Overview of various aspects of compilers.
- vi. Concepts and design aspects of linkers and loaders.

**Module I** Introduction – Evolution – Language processing activities – Fundamentals of language processing and specification – Development tools – Data structures for language processing

**Module II** Scanning and parsing – Elements of ALP – Assembly scheme – Pass structure of assemblers – Two pass assembler – Single pass assembler

**Module III** Macros: Definition and call – Expansion – Nested macro calls - Advanced macro facilities – Macro preprocessor.

**Module IV** Compiler: Compilation – Memory allocation – Compilation of expressions and control structures – Code optimization – Interpreters.

**Module V** Linker: Design – Relocation and linking – Self relocating programs – Linker for MS DOS – Linking for Overlays – Loader – Software tools – Editor – Debug monitor – Programming environment – User interface

**Text Book:**

D M Dhamdhare, “Systems Programming and Operating Systems”, Tata McGraw-Hill

**Reference:**

John J Donovan, “Systems Programming”, Tata McGraw-Hill

## **6B20BCA Introduction to Microprocessors**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Aim :** To introduce Microprocessors through 8085 and 8086.

**Objectives :**

1. Familiarize with 8085 architecture.
2. Familiarize with 8086 architecture.
3. Skill in writing assembly language programs.
4. Understand Interrupts and DMA techniques.

**Module I** Introduction: History of Microprocessors, Introduction to 8-bit microprocessor - 8085, Architecture of 8085, Bus organization of 8085, Internal Data Operations and 8085 registers.

**Module II** Introduction to 16-bit microprocessor – 8086, Architecture of 8086, Functional Block Diagram, Register Organization of 8086, Signal Description of 8086, Physical Memory Organization, Memory Mapped and I/O Mapped Organization, General Bus Operation, I/O Addressing Capability, Minimum and Maximum Mode 8086 System and Timings.

**Module III** Addressing Modes of 8086, Machine Language Instruction Format, Assembly Language Programming of 8086, Instruction Set of 8086-Data transfer instructions, Arithmetic and Logic instructions, Branch instructions, Loop instructions, Processor Control instructions, Flag Manipulation instructions, Shift and Rotate instructions, String instructions, Assembler Directives and operators.

**Module IV** Introduction to Stack, STACK Structure of 8086, Interrupts and Interrupt Service Routines, Interrupt Cycle of 8086, Non-Maskable and Maskable Interrupts.

**Module V** Data transfer schemes – Programmed IO, Interrupt driven IO and DMA. Programmable Peripheral Interface 8255, DMA Controller 8257, Programmable Interrupt Controller 8259A,

[General Features of Intel Processors - Intel 80286, 80386, 80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro, Pentium II, Pentium III, Pentium IV and Itanium.]\*\*

*\*\* Should not be included for end semester Examination, however shall be included for internal assessment.*

### **Text Book**

Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals – Architecture, Programming and Interfacing by A.K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchand, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002 Edition

### **Reference Books**

1. Microprocessors and Interfacing – Programming and Hardware by Douglas V Hall, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
2. The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80816/80188, 80286, 80486 Pentium and Pentium Pro Processor – Architecture, Programming and interfacing by Barry B Brey, 4th Edition, PHI
3. Microprocessor x86 Programming by K.R. Venugopal and Raj Kumar – BPB publications
4. Microcomputer Systems – The 8086/8088 Family Architecture, Programming & Design by Yu Cheng Liu, Glenn A Gibson – PHI Edition.



## 6B21BCA E01 Algorithm Analysis & Design

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module 1:** Introduction- Definition of algorithm, Areas of algorithm study, performance analysis, Time and space complexity, asymptotic notations ( $O$ ,  $\Omega$ ,  $\Theta$ ).

**Module 2:** Divide and Conquer – general method, Binary search, Finding the maximum and minimum, Merge sort, Quick sort, Performance measurement of quick sort, selection, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

**Module 3:** Greedy method – General method, knapsack problem, job sequencing with dead lines, minimum cost spanning trees, prims algorithm, kruskals algoritms, optimal merge patterns, single source shortest path, optimal binary search trees.

**Module 4:** Dynamic programming – General method, multistage graph, allpairs shortest path, single shortest path, 0/1 knapsack travelling sales person problem.

**Module 5:** Basic traversal and Search techniques – Breadth First Search and traversal, Depth First Search and Traversal, Bi-connected components and DFS; Backtracking – General methods, 8-queens problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles.

**Text:**

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, S Rajasekharan – Computer Algorithms/C++ - Second Edition, Universities press, 2008 (Paperback Edn)

**Reference:**

1. Introduction to the design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn, pearson education.

## **6B21BCA E02 Information Security**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction to Information Security- The need for Security, Principles of security - confidentiality, Authentications, Integrity, Non-repudiation. Types of attacks- Passive attacks, Active attacks, Virus, Worm, Trojan horse. Introduction to Cryptography, Steganography, Secret Sharing.

**Module II Symmetric Key Encipherment**:- Traditional symmetric Key Ciphers: Introduction- Kirchhoff's principle, cryptanalysis, categories of traditional ciphers; Substitution Ciphers - monoalphabetic ciphers, polyalphabetic ciphers; Transposition Ciphers - keyless and keyed transposition ciphers, Stream and Block Ciphers - stream ciphers, block ciphers.

**Module III DES(Data Encryption Standard)**:- Introduction, DES Structure - initial and final permutations, rounds, cipher and reverse cipher, examples; DES Analysis - properties, design criteria, DES weaknesses; Multiple DES - double DES, triple DES; Security of DES - brute-force attack, differential cryptanalysis, linear cryptanalysis.

**Module IV Public key Cryptosystem**: Principles of Public Key Cryptosystems- Public Key Cryptosystem, Applications of Key Cryptosystems, Requirement for Public Key Cryptosystem, Public Key Cryptanalysis. RSA Algorithm – Description of the Algorithm, Computational Aspects, Security of RSA.

**Module V Digital Signature**:- Comparison- inclusion, verification method, relationship, duplicity; Process- needs for keys, signing the digest; Service- message authentication, message integrity, nonrepudiation, confidentiality; Attacks on Digital Signature- attack types; Digital Signature Schemes- RSA digital signature schemes

**Text Books:**

1. Cryptography and Network Security”, Behrouz A Forouzan, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Special Indian Edition 2007. (For Module - I, II, III, V).
2. Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices, William Stallings, Pearson Education (For Module - IV ).

**Reference Text:**

1. Fundamentals of computer security, Josef Pieprzyk, Thomas hardjino and Jennifer Seberry, Springer International Edition 2008

## **6B21BCA E03 Mobile Communications**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction – history of wireless communication, A simplified reference model, frequencies for radio transmission, signals, Antennas, signal Propagation, Spread spectrum – DSSS and FHSS, Cellular systems.

**Module II** SDMA, FDMA, TDMA and CDMA, GSM – Mobile services, system Architecture, Radio interface, Protocols, Localization and Calling, Handover, Security, GPRS.

**Module III** Wireless LAN – infrared versus Radio transmission, IEEE 802.11 – system Architecture, Protocol architecture, Physical Layer, MAC Layer, MAC Management, 802.11b, 802.11a. Introduction to Bluetooth – IEEE 802.15.

**Module IV** Mobile IP – entities and Terminology, IP Packet delivery, Agent discovery, Registration, tunneling, IPV6, Introduction to MANET, TCP over 2.5/3G Wireless Networks.

**Module V** WAP (1.x) – Architecture, Wireless Datagram Protocol, Wireless Transport Layer security. Wireless Transaction Protocol, wireless Session Protocol, wireless Application Environment, wireless Markup Language, WML script, Introduction to WAP 2.0.

**Text book :**

1. Mobile communications, Jochen Schiller, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, Pearson education.

**Reference :**

1. Wireless Communication Technology, R. Blake, Thomson Delmar, 2003.
2. Mobile communication engineering: theory and Applications, W. C. Y. Lee, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, McGraw Hill international Edn, 1998.
3. Wireless digital Communication, Feher, PHI, 199.
4. Principles and Applications of GSM, Vijay K. garg & J. e. Wilkes, Prentice Hall, 1999

## **6B21BCA E04 Soft Computing**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Basics of Artificial Neural Networks – characteristics of Neural networks, Historical development of NN, ANN Terminology, Models of neuron. Topology, basic Learning Laws, Activation dynamic Models, synaptic Dynamic Models, Learning methods.

**Module II** Pattern recognition problem, Basic Functional Units, Pattern Recognition Tasks by functional units, feed forward Neural networks – introduction, analysis of pattern Association networks, Analysis of pattern classification Networks, Analysis of Pattern mapping networks.

**Module III** Feed-back neural networks – Introduction, analysis of Linear Auto-associative feed forward networks, analysis of pattern storage networks, applications of ANN.

**Module IV** Introduction to classical sets – properties, operations and relations; fuzzy sets, membership. Uncertainty, operations, Properties, Fuzzy relations, cardinalities, membership functions.

**Module V** Fuzzification, membership values assignment, development of rule base and decision making system, Defuzzification to crisp sets, Defuzzification methods.

**Text book :**

1. “Artificial Neural Networks”, Yegnanarayana, PHI.
2. “Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic , Genetic algorithms : synthesis and Applications”, Rajasekharan and Rai, PHI.

**Reference :**

3. “Neural networks”, James A freeman & Davis Skapura, Pearson education, 2002.
4. “ Neural Networks”, simon Hakens, Pearson education.
5. “Neural networks and fuzzy Logic system”, Bart Kosko, PHI Publications.

## 6B21BCA E05 Numerical Methods

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction to Numerical methods: Nature of numerical problems; computer based solutions; number representations; notions of accuracy, convergence, efficiency, complexity; solutions of Non-linear equations : Bisection method; Regula-Falsi; Newton Raphson; secant; Successive approximation method.

**Module II** Interpolation techniques: Linear interpolation; Newton's forward and backward formulae; Lagrange's interpolation; Bessel Functions; Linear Regression; Cubic splines; Chebyshev Polynomial.

**Module III** Concept of differentiation and integration; Graphical Interpretation; Cubic Spline based Numeric differentiation; Numeric integration;: trapezoidal, Simpson's Romberg, Gaussian and Filon's methods.

**Module IV** Matrix based solutions of simultaneous linear equations: Gauss Jordan Method; Gauss elimination with Back – substitution; LU decomposition method.

**Module V** Differential equations: Picard's method; Euler's and modified Euler's method; Runge-Kutta; Predictor – Corrector methods; partial differential Equations; Jacobi and Gauss-Siedel methods.

**Text books:**

1. Numerical Techniques in C, Kameshwar, BPB Publications.
1. Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Datta, Vikas.
2. Computer Oriented numerical Methods, Rajaraman V., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, PHI

## **6B21BCA E06 Computer Graphics**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Objectives :**

- i. Introduce basics of Computer Graphics.
- ii. Basic concepts in 2D and 3D graphics.
- iii. Review of selected fundamental algorithms in Graphics.
- iv. Skill in writing Graphic programs.

**Module I** Introduction, Overview of Graphics Systems, Display devices, Input devices, Hard-Copy devices, Graphics software.

**Module II** Line Drawing Algorithms-DDA, Bresenham, Circle Generating Algorithm – Midpoint Algorithm, Area filling algorithms – Flood Fill and Boundary Fill algorithms.

**Module III** Output primitives-Color and Grayscale levels, 2D Transformations-Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Reflection, Shear, Matrix Representation and Homogenous Coordinates, Composite Transformations.

**Module IV** Two Dimensional viewing, Window-to-viewport Transformation, Clipping - Point Clipping, Line Clipping – Cohen Sutherland Algorithm, Polygon Clipping – Sutherland Hodgeman Algorithm, Text clipping.

**Module V** 3D object representations-Polygon surfaces, Polygon tables, Plane equations, Polygon Meshes, 3D transformations-Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Rotation about an arbitrary axis, Reflection, Shear, 3D viewing- Parallel Projection, Perspective Projection.

**Text Book**

1. Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, “Computer Graphics-C Version”, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2.

**References**

1. Foley, Vandam, Feiner, Huges, ”Computer Graphics: Principles & Practice”, Second edition in C, Pearson Education, 2005
2. Ranjan Parekh, “Principles of Multimedia”, ,Tata McgrawHill,2006
3. D.P. Mukherjee, “Fundamentals of Computer Graphics and Multimedia”, PHI.
4. “Procedural elements of Computer Graphics”, Rogers, Mc-Graw Hill.
5. “Mathematical elements of Computer Graphics”, Rogers, Mc-Graw Hill.
6. Steven Harrington, “Computer Graphics- A Programming Approach”, Second Edition, McgrawHill International.

## **6B22BCAE07 Distributed Systems**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction – definition – goals – Software concepts – client / Server model.

**Module II** Communication – remote procedure call – Remote object invocation – Message oriented communication – Process – threads – client – Server - Code migration – Software agents.

**Module III** Naming entities –Locating mobile entities – synchronization – clock synchronization – Logical clocks – Global state – distributed transactions.

**Module IV** Consistency and replication – data centric consistency models – distribution protocols – Consistency protocols – fault tolerance – process resilience – Client – server communication – group communication – distributed commit.

**Module V**

Security – Management – Secure channels – Access control.

**Text book :**

1. Distributed systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum & M V Steen, Pearson edn.

**Reference :**

1. Distributed Operating systems, A. S. Tanenbaum, Pearson Education.

## **6B22BCA E08 Network Programming**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction – A Simple Day Time Client – Protocol Independence – Error Handling – A Simple - Day Time Server

The Transport Layer : TCP, UDP – TCP Connection Establishment and Termination – TIME\_WAIT State – Port Numbers – Concurrent Servers – Buffer Size and Limitations – Standard Internet Services – Protocol Usage by Common Internet Applications.

**Module II** Socket Introduction – Socket address Structures – Byte Ordering Functions – Byte Manipulation Functions – Elementary TCP Sockets – socket , connect, bind, listen, accept, fork and exec, close, getsockname and getpeername functions

**Module III** TCP Client/Server Example – TCP Echo Server - main(), str\_echo() – TCP Echo Client -main(), str\_cli() – startup – termination – Shutdown of Server Host.

**Module IV** Socket Options – getsockopt and setsockopt functions – Socket States – Generic Socket Options – TCP Socket Options.

**Module V** Name and Address Conversions - DNS – gethostbyname – gethostbyaddr – getservbyname – getservbyport – getaddrinfo – freeaddrinfo – host\_serv – tcp\_connect – tcp\_listen functions.

### **Text Book**

1. W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, “Unix Network Programming The Sockets Networking API Volume I”, Pearson Education

### **Reference**

1. Barry Nance, “Network Programming in C” , Prentice Hall



## 6B22BCA E09 Data Mining

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Introduction; data warehousing – what is, Multidimensional data model, OLAP operations, warehouse schema, Data warehousing Architecture, warehouse server, Metadata, OLAP engine, data warehouse Backend Process.

**Module II** Data mining – what is, KDD vs data mining, DBMS vs data mining, DM Techniques, issues and challenges, Applications. (Case studies) \*

**Module III** Association rules – What is, Methods, a priori algorithm, partition algorithm, Pincer-search algorithm, FP-tree growth algorithm, incremental and Border algorithms, Generalized Association rule.

**Module IV** Clustering techniques – Paradigms, Partitioning Algorithms, k – Medoid algorithms, CLARA, CLARANS, hierarchical clustering, DBSCAN, Categorical Clustering, STIRR.

**Module V** Decision trees – what is, tree construction principles, Best split, Splitting indices, Splitting criteria, decision tree construction algorithms, CART, ID3, C4.5, CHAID.  
Introduction to web, spatial and temporal data mining.

**Text book :**

1. Data mining techniques, A K Pujari, University press.

**Reference :**

1. J. Han, M. Kamber, “Data Mining Concepts and Techniques”, Harcourt India Pvt Ltd.
2. M. Dunham, “Data Mining : introductory and Advanced Topics”, Pearson Pub.

## 622BCA E10 c# and .NET Frame Work

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module 1: Introduction to C#** Introducing C#, Understanding .NET, Overview of C#, Literals, Variables, Data types, Expressions, Branching, Looping, Methods, Arrays, Strings, Structures, Enumerations.

**Module 2: Object oriented aspects of C#** Classes, Objects, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Interfaces, Operator Overloading, Delegates, Events, Errors and Exceptions.

**Module 3: Application Development on .NET** Building Windows Applications, Accessing Data with ADO.NET.

**Module 4: Web Based Application Development on .NET** Programming Web applications with Web Forms, Programming Web Services.

**Module 5: The CLR and the .NET Framework** Assemblies, Versioning, Attributes, Reflection, Viewing Meta Data, Type Discovery, Reflecting on a type, Marshalling, Remoting, Understanding Server Object Types, Specifying a server with an Interface, Building a server, Building the Client, Using Single Call, Threads.

**Text Books:**

1. Programming in C#, E. Balagurusamy (Unit I, II)
2. Programming in C#, J. Liberty 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition – O'Reilly (Unit III, IV, V)

## 6B22BCA E11 Digital Image Processing

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Images – DIP components – Problems and Applications – motivation and perceptive – Operations – Imaging – electronic camera – Human Eye – 3D imaging – Depth from triangulation , time-of-flight, interferometry, shading, tomography, Sampling – quantization, Colour Image representation, Volumetric data.

**Module II** Images in Java – java2D API – java advanced imaging – image manipulation – storage – reading and writing images – display – printing – pixel processing – gray level and colour enhancement – mapping – image histogram – Histogram equalization – Colour processing.

**Module II** Neighbourhood operations – convolutions and correlation – Linear and rank filtering – Edge detection – Hybrid adaptive fileters – frequency domain – spatial frequency – fourier theory – DFT – investigating spectra – image filtering – deconvolution.

**Module IV** Geomteric operation – simple techniques – Affine transformations – Algorithm – interpolation schemes – Wrapping and morphing – segmentation – thresholding – Contextual techniques.

**Module V** Morphological image processing – Basic concepts – operations – Morphological filtering – Morphological algorithms – Gray scale morphology – image compression. Redundancy – Performance characterization – Lossy and lossless compression techniques – compression of moving images.

**Text book:** Digital image Processing : A practical introduction using Java ; Nick Efford; Pearson Edn.

**Reference:**

1. Digital Image Processing; Gonzalez and Woods; Pearson Edn.
2. Digital image Processing; B. Jahne; Springer international Edn.

## **6B22BCA E12 Data Compression**

**Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 3**

**Module I** Data Compression Lexicon : Introduction to data compression – Dawn age – coding – Modeling – Ziv and Lampel lossy compression.

Minimum redundancy coding (the Dawn age) : the shanon – fano algorithm – The Huffman algorithm – into the Huffman code : counting the symbols, building the tree – compression code.

**Module II** Adaptive Huffman code : adaptive coding - Updating the Huffman tree – The code. Arithmetic Huffman coding : Arithmetic coding – the code.

**Module III** Statistical modeling : Higher order modeling – Finite context modeling – adaptive modeling – highest order modeling.

Dictionary – based compression : static vs adaptive – Israeli roots – ARC.

Sliding window compression : The algorithm – LZSS Compression – the code – Compression code.

**Module IV** LZ78 Compression – Decompression.

Speech compression : Digital audio Concepts – Lossless compression of sound.

**Module V** Video compression – JPEG compression – implementing DCT – Complete code listing.

### **Reference:**

1. Mark Nelson; “the data Compression Book”, BPB 2003
2. Khalid Sayood, “Introduction to Data compression”, Morgan Kaufman, 2003
3. Yun Q Shi, Huifang sun; “Image and Video Compression for multimedia Engineering”, CRC Press, 2008.
4. David S. Tanbman and Michael W Marcellin, “JPEG – 2000 Image Compression fundamentals, Standard Practice”, Kluwer Academic, 2002.

Sd/-

**Dr.Raju.G**

**Chairman, BOS Computer Science (UG)**

**KANNUR UNIVERSITY**  
**(Abstract)**

**BCA Programme** under Choice based Credit Semester System- **Syllabus of the remaining Core/Common(General)Courses**-Implemented with effect from 2009 admission-Orders Issued.

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**ACADEMIC BRANCH**

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U.O.No.Acad/C2/2389/2009(2)

Dated, K.U.Campus. P.O,14-06-2010.

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Read: 1.U.O No Acad/C2/2389/2009(2) dated 10-07-2009.

2.Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG)  
held on 03-02-2010.

3. Letter dated 27-05-2010 from the Chairman, BOS in Computer Science (UG).

**ORDER**

1.The Scheme and Syllabus of BCA Programme under Choice based Credit Semester System were implemented in this University with effect from 2009 admission, vide paper read(1) above.

2.The Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG),vide paper read (2) above has recommended to finalise the syllabus of the remaining Core/Common(General) Courses for implementation with effect from 2009 admission.

3. The Chairman, BOS in Computer Science (UG) vide paper read (3) above,has forwarded the syllabus of the Core/Common(General) Courses (III & IV Semesters)of BCA Programme, finalised by the Board of Studies in Computer Science(UG), for implementation with effect from 2009 admission.

4. The Vice Chancellor, after examining the matter in detail, and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council as per section 11(1) of Kannur University Act 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with, has accorded sanction **to implement the syllabus of the Core/Common(General) Courses (III & IV Semesters) of BCA Programme under Choice based Credit Semester System, with effect from 2009 admission**, subject to ratification by the Academic Council.

5.Orders are therefore issued implementing the syllabus of the following Core/Common(General) Courses of BCA Programme, with effect from 2009 admission.

1.3A11BCA Entrepreneurship (General Course)

2.3B08BCA Lab III Data Structures & DBMS (Core Course)

3.4A12BCA Numerical Skills (General Course)

4.4B12BCA Lab IV Java & Linux Administration (Core Course)

6.The syllabus of the Core Courses (III & IV Semesters) of BCA Programme as detailed above are appended.

7.The U.O read above stands modified to this extent.

Sd/-

To:

REGISTRAR

The Principals of Colleges offering BCA Programme.

Copy To:

1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE)

2. The Chairman, BOS Computer Science (UG)

3. PS to VC/PA to PVC/PA to Regr

4. DR/AR I Academic

5. The Central Library

6. SF/DF/FC.

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SECTION OFFICER

*Appendix to U.O No.Acad/C2/2389/2009(2) dated 14-06-2010.*

### **3A11BCA Entrepreneurship**

**Contact Hours per Week : 4**

**Credit : 4**

**Module –I** Introduction to Information Systems. The System view of business, MIS organization with in the company, management organizational theory and the systems approach, development of organizational theory, management and organizational behavior management , information, and the systems approach.

**Module –II** Information Systems for Decision making, evolution of an information system, basic information systems, decision making and MIS, MIS as a technique for making programmed Decisions, Decision assisting information systems.

**Module-III** Strategic and project planning for MIS: General business planning , Appropriate MIS Response, MIS Planning , defining the problems, set system objectives establish system constraints, determine information needs, determine information sources develop alternative conceptual designs and select one, document the system concept, prepare the conceptual design report.

**Module –IV** Project management of MIS detailed design, identify dominant and trade off criteria., define the subsystems, sketch the detailed operating subsystems and information flows, inputs, output s and processing, early system testing.

**Module-V** Implementation evaluation and maintenance of the MIS, Plan the implementation different implementations, pitfalls In MIS Developments.

**Text Book:**

1. Information Systems for Modern management Robert G Murdick, Joel E. Ross & James R Claggett. Eastern Economy Edition 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.

**Reference:**

1. Management Information System, Robert Schultheis Mary Sumner, Tata McGraw-Hill 4<sup>th</sup> Edition.
2. Management Information System,James A O'Brien Tata McGraw-Hill 4<sup>th</sup> Edition.

### **3B08BCA Lab III Data structures and DBMS**

**Contact Hours per Week: 5 Practical**

**Credit : 3**

**Contact Hours per Semester : 75**

The lab consist of two sections, Section A : Data Structures and B : DBMS. Equal weightage will be given for both sections. For internal assessment, each part may be evaluated independently and final CA grade shall be obtained by combining them. End semester examination question shall carry questions from both sections.

#### **Section A : Data Structures**

A list of twenty programs is given below. Each student has to complete and record a minimum of 15 exercises. A detailed problem statement shall be prepared by the faculty concerned.

1. Recursion -Tower of Hanoi problem.
2. Delete and insert elements from an array.
3. Add two polynomials.
4. Add two sparse matrices.
5. Sequential and binary search : Print number of comparison in each case for given datasets.
6. Insertion sort.
7. Bubble and selection sort : Print number of comparisons and exchanges in each case for given data sets.
8. Quick sort.
9. Merge sort.
10. Conversion of infix expression to postfix.
11. Evaluation of postfix.
12. Menu driven program : to add / delete elements to a circular queue. Include necessary error messages.
13. Singly linked list operations : add a new node at the beginning, at the end, after  $i^{\text{th}}$  node, delete from beginning, end, print the list.
14. Singly linked list operations: Search list, merge two list and count number of nodes.
15. Circular linked list : add a new node at the beginning, at the end, after  $i^{\text{th}}$  node, delete from beginning, end, print the list.
16. Doubly linked list : add a new node at the beginning, at the end, after  $i^{\text{th}}$  node, delete from beginning, end, print the list.
17. Use a linked stack to reverse a string.
18. Implement tree traversal.
19. Create a binary search tree out of given data and traverse it inorder.
20. Merge two sorted linked list.

## Section B: DBMS

Minimum 10 exercises covering SQL related topics . Sample exercises are given below:

### SQL -1

Create table students with fields sno, sname, sex, mark with sno as primary key and assign suitable constraints for each attribute.

Insert five records into the table.

1. Alter the table by adding one more field rank.
2. Display all boy students with their name.
3. Find the Average mark
4. Create a query to display the sno and sname for all students who got More than the average mark. Sorts the results in descending order of mark.
5. Create a sequence named 'star' to be used with student tables primary key coloumn-sno. The sequence should start with 10 & max value 99
6. Display girl student name for those who have marks greater than 40 and less than 20.

### SQL -2

Create a table department with fields ename, salary, dno, dname, place with dno as primary key.

Insert five records into the table.

1. Rename the field 'place' with 'city'
2. Display the employees who got salary more than Rs.6000 and less than 10000 /-
3. Display total salary of the organization
4. Display ename for those who are getting salary in between 5000 and 10000.
5. Create a view named 'Star' with field ename, salary & place
6. display ename and salary, salary rounded with 10 digits '\*\*'

### SQL -3

Create a table emp with fields eno, ename, job, manager, salary, with eno as primary key.

Insert five records into the table.

1. Display the ename and salary, salary with ascending order
2. Display ename and salary for eno=20,
3. Create another table department with fields dno, salary, eno, dname, and place with eno as primary key.
4. Display the manager for the accounting Department (join)
5. Write the queries using various group functions.
6. Write the queries using various Number functions.

### SQL -4

Create a table emp with fields eno, ename, job, manager, salary, with eno as primary key.

Insert values into the table.

1. Display ename, salary from emp who are getting salary more than average salary of the



organization.

2. ADD 20% DA as extra salary to all employees. Label the column as 'New Salary'
3. Create a query to display the eno and ename for all employees who earn more than the average salary. Sort the results in descending order of salary.
4. Create a view called emp\_view based on the eno, ename from emp table change the heading for the ename to 'EMPLOY'.
5. Write a query that will display the eno and ename for all employees who work in a department with any employ whose name contains a 'T'.
6. Create a sequence to be used with the Emp Table's primary key column. The Sequence should start at 60 and have a maximum value of 200. Have your sequence increment by 10 numbers.

Write a script to display the following information about your sequences. Sequence name, maximum value, increment size and last number.

### SQL -5

Create a table department with fields ename,salary,dno,Designation,dname,place with dno as primary key.

Insert values into the table.

1. Write the queries using various Character functions in ename field.
2. Create a query to display the employee number and name for all employees who earn more than the average salary. Sort the results in descending order of salary.
3. Display all employees who got salary between 5000 & 10000
4. Display ename, salary, Designation for those who got salary more than 5000 or his Designation is 'clerk'.
5. Display Ename and designation those who are not a clerk or manager.
6. Display the names of all employees where the third letter of their name is an 'A'

### SQL -6

Create table loan with fields loanno,cname,cid,bname assigning suitable constraints.

Insert 5 Records in to the table.

1. Calculate Rs 150 extra for all customers having loan. The added loan amount will display in a new column.
2. Add one more field amount to loan table. Display cname for cid=2.
3. Create table depositor with fields cid and accno.
4. Insert five records into the table.
5. Display loanno and cname of a customer who is residing in Kannur city.
6. Display all information from loan table for loanno 2,8,10.

## 4A12BCA Numerical skills

**Contact Hours per Week: 4 Theory**

**No. of Credits: 4**

**1. AIMS:**

To expose students to computer-based numerical solutions.

**2. OBJECTIVES:**

To impart basic theoretical knowledge underpinning numerical solutions to the following problems and also to provide an opportunity to apply programming skills

**Module I :** Introduction to Numerical Methods: Nature of numerical problems; computer based solutions; number representations; Notions of accuracy, convergence, efficiency, complexity- Floating point representation- Error- Significant Digits- Numerical Instability- Solutions of Non-linear equations: Bisection method; Regula-Falsi; Newton-Raphson.

**Module II:** System of Linear Equations- Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan elimination, Triangulation method, Iterative method, Jacobi.

**Module III** Numerical Integration & Differentiation: Concept of differentiation and Integration, graphical interpretation; Cubic Spline based Numerical Differentiation; Numerical Integration: Taylors series and Eulers methods- Simpson's Romberg, Gaussian, Runge Kutta methods.

**Module IV** Mathematical Logic- Statement calculus- Connectives- Normal Forms- Theory of inference for the statement of Calculus.

**Module V** Graph Theory- Basic concepts- Storage representation and manipulation of graphs.

**Text Books**

1. V. Rajaraman, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, 3/e, PHI
2. Balagurusamy, E., "Numerical Methods", Tata McGraw-Hill Pub.Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 1999.
3. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Application to Computer Science- McGraw Hill Co.

**References**

1. Kandasamy, P., Thilagavathy, K. and Gunavathy, K., "Numerical Methods", S.Chand Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
2. Burden, R.L and Faires, T.D., "Numerical Analysis", Seventh Edition, Thomson Asia Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
3. N Datta, Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Vikas

## 4B12BCA Lab IV ( Java and Linux Administration)

**Hours per Week : 5**

**Credit : 3**

The lab consist of two sections, Section A : Java Programming B : Linux Administration. Equal weightage will be given for both section. For internal assessment, each part may be evaluated independently and final CA grade shall be obtained by combining them. End semester examination question shall carry questions from both sections.

### **Section A : Java Programming**

1. Write a java program to perform various string operations using java class.
2. Write java program to implement interface.
3. Write java program that handles various exceptions. Use try –catch statement.
4. Write java program to implement file I/O operation using java iostreams.
5. Write java program to implement Applet life cycle.
6. Write java program to implements a calculator using suitable AWT controls.
7. Write a JDBC program using suitable database to update the records in a table such as insert, delete, modify etc.
8. Write JDBC program to scroll through the database using java scroll functions.
9. Write a java program to demonstrate threads.
10. Create web page using HTML with frames.

### **Section B: Linux Administration**

1. Create a user account and set password for the account.
2. Create a user account without creating home directory.
3. Delete user account with and without removing home directory.
4. Implement the following
  - a. Create sub directory in home directory
  - b. Create directory B1 in that sub directory
  - c. Create sub directory C1 in B1.
  - d. Create a file in C1 and copy this file to home directory.
  - e. Create a file in home directory, move that file to B1 directory
  - f. Delete files in C1
  - g. Set soft/hard link to any file in home directory.

5. Create a text file using vi editor and manipulate the file using suitable vi editor commands (Eg: word move, word find and replace etc.)
6. Mount the FDD, CDROM and pen drive using mount command.
7. Write shell script count the number of user accounts in your system.
8. Write shell scripts reboot your computer.
9. Write shell script check whether the given input name is file or directory name.
10. Change the boot loader GRUB to LILO and LILO to GRUB.

**Sd/-**  
**Dr.G.Raju,**  
**Chairman,BOS Computer Science (UG)**

**KANNUR UNIVERSITY**

(Abstract)

***BCA Programme under CCSS– Model Question Papers for III Semester Examinations- Implemented with effect from 2009 Admission –Orders issued.***

ACADEMIC BRANCH

U.O.No.Acad/C2/2389/2009(2)

Dated, K.U.Campus.P.O,20-08-2010.

Read:1. U.O No.Acad/C2/2389/2009(2) dated 10-07-2009.

2. U.O No.Acad/C2/2389/2009 (2) dated 14-06-2010.

3. Letter dated 07-08-2010 from the Chairman, Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG).

**ORDER**

1) The Scheme and Syllabus of BCA Programme under CCSS along with Model Question Papers for the Examinations of I & II Semesters were implemented in this University as per papers read (1) & (2) above.

2) The Chairman, Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG), as per paper read (3) above, has forwarded the Model Question Papers for III Semester examinations of BCA Programme for implementation with effect from 2009 admission, under Choice Based Credit Semester System.

3) The Vice-Chancellor, after considering the matter in detail, and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council, as per Section 11 (1) of Kannur University Act, 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with, has accorded sanction *to implement the Model Question Papers for III Semester Examinations of BCA Programme under CCSS, with effect from 2009 admission*, subject to report to the Academic Council.

4)The U.Os read above stand modified to this extent.

5) Orders are therefore issued accordingly.

6) The implemented Model Question Papers are appended.

Sd/-

REGISTRAR

To:

The Principals of Colleges offering BCA Programme.

Copy to:

1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE).
2. The Chairman, Board of Studies in Computer Science (UG).
3. PS to VC/PA to PVC/PA to Registrar.
4. DR/AR-I (Academic).
5. SF/DF/FC

Forwarded/By Order

SECTION OFFICER